SBC250

Session Border Controllers (SBCs)

- 120~250 Pure IP SBC Sessions with Various Licensing
- High Interoperability with Various SIP Trunks & Platforms
- Enhanced Security and High Resiliency(1+1 Redundancy)



With versatile and robust architecture, The Synway SBC250 Session Border Controller (SBC) offers a complete connectivity solution for large enterprises and service provider and enables scalable, reliable and secured connectivity between diverse VoIP networks.

Scaling up to 250 concurrent sessions, the SBC250 connects IP-PBXs to any SIP trunking and cloud-based services, and offers superior performance in connecting any SIP to SIP environment.

The SBC250 could be customized to multiple voice channels in a 1U platform to enable versatile connectivity between VoIP networks, such as connecting IP-PBX systems to any IP-based applications.

120~250 SBC Sessions | 1+1 High Availability | Pure IP SBC | Support OPUS & SILK



High interoperability

Adopted by over 500 SPs and enterprises, and proven interoperability with SIP trunks, SIP platforms and IP cloud services



Enhanced security

 $Security-oriented, robust perimeter defense against \ cyber, DoS \ and DDoS \ attacks, as \ well \ as \ eaves dropping, fraud \ and \ service \ the fit$



Superior voice quality

Integrate decades of SW/HW technologies to obtain advanced capabilities for optimizing and monitoring voice service quality



High resiliency

Telco-grade reliability, with High Availability (HA) using 1+1 active/standby redundancy, local branch survivability and PSTN fallback



Flexible scalability

The SBC250 architecture can scale up from 120 to 250 sessions, and the various licensing options assure economical scalability

Basic Features and Functions For SBC

- Dos/DDos protection
- QOS/TOS/DSCP setting
- Signal encryption(TLS/IPSec)
- Media encryption (SRTP)

- NAT transverse
- SIP interworking
- Support IPV4, IPV6 and VPN
- Load balancing

- Transmission speed limit
- RTP encoding/decoding
- Anti-phreaking
- Redundancy and Backup



Capacities

 Max Signaling
 250(from 120 to 250)
 Max. Transcoding Sessions
 250(from 120 to 250)

 Max. RTP/SRTP Sessions
 250(from 120 to 250)
 Max. Registered Users
 2000(upgradeable to 4000)

Telephony Interfaces

Analog Optional

DigitalUp to 4E1/T1 InterfacesClock Source50 ppm High Precision

Digital PSTN Protocols: ISDN: ISDN User Side, ISDN Network Side, SS1: SS1 Signaling; SIP signaling; SIP V1.0/2.0, RFC3261; SS7 MTP1~3,SS7 TCAP, SS7 ISUP,

SIGTRAN, SS7 1+1 active/standby redundancy

Network Interfaces

Ethernet: 2(10/100/1000 BASE-TX(RJ-45)) & Customizable

Security

Access Control: DoS/DDoS line rate protection, bandwidth throttling, dynamic blacklisting (Intrusion Detection System)

Encryption/Authentication: TLS, SRTP, HTTPS, SSH, client/server SIP Digest authentication

Privacy:Topology hiding, user privacyTraffic Separation:Self-adjustable automatic load balance

Intrusion Detection System: Detection and prevention of VoIP attacks, theft of service and unauthorized access

VoIP firewall: Optional

Interoperability

SIP B2BUA: Full SIP transparency, mature and broadly deployed SIP stack, stateful proxy mode

SIP Interworking: 3xx redirect, REFER, PRACK, early media, call hold

Registration and Authentication: User registration restriction control, registration and authentication on behalf of users, SIP authentication server for SBC users

Transport Mediation: Mediation between SIP over UDP/TCP/TLS, IPv4/IPv6, RTP/SRTP

Header Manipulation: Add/modify/delete SIP headers and message body using simple WireShark-like language with powerful capabilities such as

variables and utility functions

Number Manipulations: Ingress and egress digit manipulation

Transcoding and Vocoders: Coder normalization including transcoding, coder enforcement and re-prioritization, extensive vocoder support: G.711, G.723.1,

G.729, GSM-FR, AMR-NB, SILK-NB/WB, Opus-NB/WB

Signal Conversion: DTMF/RFC 2833/SIP, T.38 fax, T.38 V3, V.34, packet-time conversion

NAT: Hosted NAT, RTP self-adaption
WebRTC controller: Optional or customizable

Voice Quality and SLA

Call Admission Control: Limit number and rate of concurrent sessions and registers per peer for inbound and outbound directions

Packet Marking: 802.1p/Q VLAN tagging, DiffServ

Standalone Survivability: Maintains local calls in the event of WAN failure. Outbound calls can use PSTN fallback (including E911).

Impairment Mitigation: Dynamic Programmable Jitter Buffer, Silence Suppression/Comfort Noise Generation

Voice Monitoring and Enhancement: acoustic echo cancellation, fixed and dynamic voice gain control, dynamic programmable jitter buffer, silence suppression, RTP

redundancy, broken connection detection

Direct Media: Hair-pinning (no media anchoring) of local calls to avoid unnecessary media delays and bandwidth consumption

 High Availability:
 SBC high availability with 1+1 redundancy, active calls preserved

 Test Agent:
 Ability to remotely verify SIP message flow between SIP UAs

Echo cancellation: G.168 128 ms tail length

Advanced Media Processing: T.38 real-time fax, T.38 – G.711 interworking

SIP Routing

Routing Criteria: Incoming SIP trunk, DID ranges, host names, any SIP headers, codecs, QoE, bandwidth

Route To: Configured SIP peers, registered users, IP address, request URI

Advanced Routing Features: Alternative routes, load balancing, least-cost routing, call forking, E911 emergency call detection and prioritization

SIPREC: SynAPI recording interface

Management

OAM&P: Browser-based GUI, SNMP, INI Configuration file

Physical/Environmental

Dimensions:44*440*267mmWeight:About 3.1KgMounting:19" rack mount

Power: 100-240V AC redundant dual feed



